The North Carolinian.

VOL III FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1864. NO. 205

J. McL. Bonney Collection

THE

NORTH CAROLINIAN

BY

P. J. SINCLAIR.

THE DAILY NORTH CAROLINIAN is served to subscribers in town at ONE DOLLAR AND TWENTY-FIVE CENTS per week in advance, payable to the Carriers weekly.

Single copies TWENTY FIVE CENTS.

PRICE FOR MAILING.

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One month THREE DOLLARS.

The "INTELLIGENCER," a weekly four paged newspaper, published at this Office, is mailed to subscribers at FIVE DOLLARS for six months. Three months THREE DOLLARS—Strictly in advance.

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Advertisements for the CAROLINIAN will be charged THREE DOLLARS per square for each and every insertion, eight lines or less constituting a square.

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When sent by letter, the money must accompany the advertisement. Marriages, deaths, religious and other notices charged as advertisements and must be paid for strictly in advance.

The Value of Money.

Value of $100 Interest Notes.	Value of new issue	Val. new issue	Value of old issue
1 00	66⅔	1 00	1 50
2 00	1 33⅓	2 00	3 00
3 00	2 00	3 00	4 50
4 00	2 66⅔	4 00	6 00
5 00	3 33⅓	5 00	7 50
10 00	6 66⅔	10 00	15 00
15 00	10 00	15 00	22 00
20 00	13 33⅓	20 00	30 00
25 00	16 66⅔	25 00	37 50
30 00	20 00	30 00	45 00
35 00	23 33⅓	35 00	52 50
40 00	26 66⅔	40 00	60 00
45 00	30 00	45 00	67 50
50 00	33 33⅓	50 00	75 00
55 00	36 66⅔	55 00	82 50
60 00	40 00	60 00	90 00
65 00	43 33⅓	65 00	97 50
70 00	46 66⅔	70 00	105 00
75 00	50 00	75 00	112 50
80 00	53 33⅓	80 00	120 00
85 00	56 66⅔	85 00	127 50
90 00	80 00	90 00	135 00
95 00	63 33⅓	95 00	142 50
100 00	66 66⅔	100 00	150 00

SYNOPSIS OF FUNDING SCHEME OF CURRENCY BILL AS TO STATES EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI.—*Non-Interest Bearing* $100 *Notes.* Receivable for public dues before April 1st, 1864, at par; from and after April 1st, 1864, not receivable at all, but

FUNDABLE IN FOUR PER CENT. BONDS

Before 1st April, 1864, at par.
From 1st to last day of April, inc., at 66⅔
From 1st to last day of May, inc., at 56⅔
From 1st to last day of June, inc., at 46⅔
From 1st to last day of July, inc., at 36⅔
From 1st to last day of Aug., inc., at 26⅔
From 1st to last day of Sept., inc., at 16⅔
Swept away by mont'ly tax, Oct. inc., at 6⅔

Any non-interest bearing $100 notes held on the first of January, 1865, are taxed 100 per cent., thus destroying every vestige of value.

THE

REPORTER'S DICTIONARY,

BASED ON PHONOGRAPHY.

IN PRESS and shortly to be published, a book with the above title, prepared by the subscriber, who has had nearly 20 years practice in Phonographic writing, having been at one time employed as an official reporter in the United States Senate, and, who has been for the last seventeen months, and is now, reporter of the Atlanta Intelligencer.

The Dictionary will contain indications, by means of a simple nomenclature, for writing with Phonographic letters, about 20,000 words of the English language, of ninety-nine one-hundredths of those in common use—the remaining words being easily written after these are learned.

In the Introduction to the Dictionary, simple instruction will be given for beginners of the study of Phonography, with lithographed illustrations, prepared by one of the best artists in the Confederacy. The object of the publication is to make a STANDARD for Confederate Reporters, and to render it possible for the much coveted and beautiful art of Reporting, to be learned even without the aid of a teacher.

As the work will be expensive, new type having been procured expressly for it, only a small edition will be issued. Those who desire copies are requested to send to the author their orders at once, (to be recorded,) accompanied with the price of the same, which will be five dollars per copy. The book in paper cover, and suitable for use, will be sent to all subscribers, by mail, without additional expense: A. E. MARSHALL,

dtf Augusta, Ga.

MISTRESS AND MAID.

JUST RECIEVED a few more copies of that excellent NOVEL at

No. 17, Market Square

A FEW more volumes of "Robert and Harold" or "The Young Marooners," together with "Duncan Adair," by Mrs. Jane T. Cross. Just received at

17, Market Square,

Envelopes! Envelopes!

A SUPERIOR article of ENVELOPES, Commercial size, just received and for sale, at the store under the

June 29-tf CAROLINIAN OFFICE.

CLAIMS
Of Deceased Officers and Soldiers.

WILSON, N. C., June 20th, 1864.

THE UNDERSIGNED has been Appointed a Commissioner to investigate, collect and pay over to the parties entitled thereto, all claims for bounty, arrearages of pay, and allowances, due to the representatives of deceased officers and soldiers from this State.

The parties entitled are: first, the widow of the deceased, if any, if there be no widow then, secondly, the child or children, if there be such, if there be neither widow or children then, thirdly, the father, if there be neither widow, child, children or father then, fourthly, the mother of the deceased, and in default of all of these then, fifthly, the executor or administrator of the deceased.

The claimant or claimants must furnish his, her or their affidavit, and that of one disinterested witness as to the relationship, and in all cases, where the claimant is the widow, the affidavit must negative the existence of a claimant or claimants of a higher order. The Justice of the Peace, before whom the affidavit is subscribed must certify to the credibility of the witness, and Clerk of the County Court must certify, under the seal of the Court, that he is a Justice of the Peace.

If the claimant or claimants be a child or children of the deceased, and he, she or they be minors, the claim must be propounded by his, her or their guardian, and the fact of his being guardian must be certified to, under seal of the County Court Clerk.

When the claim is made by an executor or administrator, the fact of the executorship or administratorship must be certified to, under seal by the County Court Clerk.

All of these papers should be sent in duplicate.

Any person directly interested will be furnished, upon application to me, with a proper form of these papers in full; a copy of which, for the greater convenience of parties, will be forwarded as soon as may be practicable to each County Court Clerk.

This commission is intended to facilitate the collection of these claims, and save the claimants all expense.

Parties interested may materially aid me in the investigation of their claims, if at the time of forwarding their paper to me, they will inform me of the date of the death of the deceased, where he died, was killed, whether or not they or any one for them, have received the personal effects which deceased had with him at the time of his death, and whether or not the deceased (if a non-commissioned officer or private,) had ever received the State's bounty.

It is very desirable that all claims should be forwarded at as early a day as may be practicable. In all cases, give the claimants' Post Office and County in full.

JNO. A. STANLY,
123-tf Commissioner.

TO THE FRIENDS OF THE SOLDIERS Throughout the Confederacy

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL DEPARTMENT.
RAILROAD BUREAU.
RICHMOND, Feb. 20th, 1864.

THE friends and relatives of soldiers in the Army of Northern Virginia are hereby notified that an arrangement has this day been effected with the SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY, to carry all packages of food and wearing apparel to Richmond, Va.

To secure the advantages thus obtained through the express company, the following instructions must be observed:

Paakages must not contain more than one hundred pounds; be well secured, and plainly marked, and sent at the expense of the shipper to either of the Soldiers' Relief Associations, which are located as follows:

In North Carolina, at Raleigh; in South Carolina, at Columbia; in Georgia, at Augusta; in Alabama, at Montgomery; or at any other point at which one of these Associations have an office.

The Agents of these Associations will there take charge of them, and ship daily, by Southern Express Company, to the proper Agents of the respective States at Richmond, who will see them distributed to the proper individual owners.

To meet the wishes of the soldiers, and to give them a certain and speedy communication with home the Southern Express Company has agreed to give this freight preference over everything else; and in order that no obstacle may occur to the success of so laudable an enterprise, the several Railroad Companies are hereby requested to render the Express Company such facilities as will enable it to make this arrangement a complete success.

As the Southern Express Company assumes all responsibility of the transportation of those packages, the Relief Associations are requested to withdraw their Agents who have heretofore acted as traveling messengers. If the Relief Association will establish agencies in the rear of there armies, they may enjoy the same privileges hereby secured to the Army of Northern Virginia.

F. W. SIMS,
Lieut. Col. and Quartermaster.

Approved.
V. R. Lawton, Quartermaster Gen.

OFFICE SOUTHERN EXPRESS CO., AUGUSTA, GA., Feb 20. 1864.

THE SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY hereby notify the friends and relative of Soldiers in the Army of Northern Va., and elsewhere, that they are prepared to carry out arrangements as announced in the above card and that they will do all in her power to fulfil its requiremensst

JAMES SHUTER,
Gen'l Sup't. & Acting Pres't So. Exp. Co
may20-tf.

FOUR PER CENT. BONDS.

WANTED—A few 4 per cent. Bonds.—Apply at the

151-tf CAROLINIAN OFFICE.

H. McMILLAN

Auctioneer and

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

June 10-3m*

FAYETTEVILLE MARKETS.

CORRECTED BY J. W. LETT.

SEPT. 27, 1864.

Bacon	5 50 @ 6 00 ₩ lb
Pork	1 50 @ 2 00 ₩ lb
Lard	— — @ 5 50 ₩ lb
Beef	1 50 @ 2 00 ₩ lb
Beeswax	3 00 @ — ₩ lb
Butter	5 50 @ 6 00 ₩ lb
Cotton	1 50 @ 1 75 ₩ lb
Coffee	15 00 ₩ lb
Cotton Yarn	$25 @ 30 ₩ bunch.
Dried Fruit ... Apples & Peaches	75 $1 ₩ lb
Eggs	2 00 @ 2 50 ₩ do
Extract Logwood	$— @ $6 ₩ lb
Flour	$175 @ 200 ₩ barrel
Flaxseed	12 50 @ 15 00 ₩ bushel
Fodder	$8 00 @ 10 00 ₩ hundred
Hay	10 00 ₩ hundred
Shucks	$10 00 ₩ hundred
Grain—Corn	$20 @ — ₩ bushel
Rye	15 00 @ $— 00 ₩ bushel
Oats	7 00 @ $9 00 ₩ bushel
Peas	17 50 @ 20 00 ₩ bushel
Hides—Green	2 50 @ 3 00 ₩ lb
Dry	5 50 @ 6 00 ₩ lb
Iron—Swedes	3 50 @ 4 50 ₩ lb
Leather—Upper	18 00 ₩ lb
Sole	15 00 ₩ lb
Liquors—Corn Whiskey	40 00 ₩ gallon
Apple and Peach Brandy	40 00 ₩ gallon
Molasses	$20 25 00 ₩ gallon
Nails	3 50 @ 4 00 ₩ lb
Onions	15 00 @ 20 00 ₩ bushel
Potatoes—Irish	$— @ 15 00 ₩ bushel
Sweet	$12 @— 00 ₩ bushel
Rice	$1 00 ₩ lb
Sugar	10 ₩ lb
Soap	Family Bar 2 00 ₩ lb
Toilet	5 00 ₩ lb
Spirits Turpentine	3 00 ₩ gal.
Fayetteville 4-4 Sheetings	1 50 @ 3 25 ₩ Yard
Salt	$35 00 @ 40 ₩ bushel
Tallow	2 50 @ 3 00 ₩ lb
Wool	$6 00 @ 8 00 ₩ lb

THE

ILLUSTRATED MERCURY!
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THE GREAT LITERARY WEEKLY
THE GREAT LITERARY WEEKLY
OF THE SOUTH!
OF THE SOUTH!
A SUPERB FAMILY JOURNAL!
A SUPERB FAMILY JOURNAL!
BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED,
BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED,
ELEGANTLY PRINTED
ELEGANTLY PRINTED
EVERY SATURDAY,
EVERY SATURDAY,
HAS A LARGER
HAS A LARGER
AND
MORE TALENTED
MORE TALENTED
CORPS OF CONTRIBUTORS
CORPS OF CONTRIBUTORS
THAN WAS EVER BEFORE ENGAGED
THAN WAS EVER BEFORE ENGAGED
IN ACTUALLY WRITING FOR
IN ACTUALLY WRITING FOR
ANY AMERICAN PAPER!
ANY AMERICAN PAPER!
BRILLIANT, CHARMING,
BRILLIANT, CHARMING,
AND THRILLING
AND THRILLING
WITH ROMANCES,
WITH ROMANCES,
SKETCHES,
SKETCHES,
TALES
TALES
OF
REAL
REAL
LIFE,
LIFE,
POETRY,
POETRY,
HISTORY.
HISTORY,
BIOGRAPHY,
BIOGRAPHY,
NOVELETTES,
NOVELETTES,
ESSAYS, CRITICISMS,
ESSAYS, CRITICISMS,
WITICISMS MISCELLANY,
WITICISMS, MISCELLANY,
INCIDENTS AND ANECDOTES,
INCIDENTS AND ANECDOTES,
OF THE WAR AND ITS HEROES,
OF THE WAR AND ITS HEROES,
INCLUDING TRANSLATIONS,
INCLUDING TRANSLATIONS,
FROM THE GERMAN, FRENCH,
FROM THE GERMAN, FRENCH,
AND OTHER LANGUAGES,
AND OTHER LANGUAGES,
A HOME JOURNAL FOR
THE HOUSEHOLD!
AN ORNAMENT
FOR THE PARLOR.
A SOLDIER'S
PAPER FOR
THE CAMP.
A
TRAVELLER'S
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POLITE SOUTHERN LITERATURE!

SUBSCRIPTION—Six months.....$10
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Address,

WM. B. SMITH,
oprietor, Raleigh, N. C.

Jun[illegible]

Wanted.

200,000 FEET OF 1¼ & 1 INCH LUMBER, 12 inch. wide.

Apply at the CAROLINIAN OFFICE.

TELEGRAPHIC

Reported by the Press Association, 1864

Entered according to Act of Congress in the year 1863, by J. S. Thrasher, in the Clerk's office of the District Court of the Confederate States, for the Northern District of Georgia

FROM HOOD'S ARMY.

ARRIVAL OF THE PRESIDENT!

He takes the Field in Person.

FROM LEE'S ARMY.

FORTY MILES FROM RICHMOND!

YANKEES REPULSED!

From the Trans-Mississippi.

MAGRUDER WHIPS STEELE!

NORTHERN NEWS.

YANKEE REPORTS OF OPERATIONS

IN THE VALLEY!

FROM THE VALLEY.

&c., &c., &c.

GRIFFIN, Sept. 29.—Northern papers of the 24th has been received. Western journals are silent about Forrest.

Fremont and Cochran have withdrawn in favor of Lincoln.

Johnson issued orders effectually preventing McClellan from having a ticket in Tennessee.

There is great rejoicing all over the North at the present state of affairs, they claim for Sheridan the greatest victory of the war, and that Lincoln has got a levy of 500,000.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

GRIFFIN, Sept. 29.—One hundred and fifty Yankee officers, and 400 Confederate privates, and 10 Surgeons were exchanged at Rough and Ready yesterday. General Stoneman and staff arrived at Jonesboro' last night, and will be exchanged to-morrow, which will conclude the business of special exchange. The Yankees officers were very reserved about Forrest.

Everybody have left Atlanta except a few mechanics, who have gone to work for the Yankees. Up to last night Sherman had made no movement in force.

[THIRD DISPATCH.]

GRIFFIN, Sept. 29.—Nothing remarkable has occurred in Gen. Hood's army for some days, except the visit of President Davis; he arrived on Monday, and reviewed the troops on Tuesday, he was received by the men with great applause, and made them a speech, saying that he would in a few days lead the army to battle and victory.

The Yankees are very uneasy about the operations of Forrest, they say he has 25,000 men. Two divisions of the 4th corps have been taken from Atlanta and sent beyond the Tennessee to fight him; his name appears a perfect terror to them all; they seem to have no hope of keeping their communications, and little hope of whipping him; they have no cavalry able to do anything with Forrest.

PETERSBURG, Sept 30th.—Yesterday evening our cavalry were attacked in front and flank by Gregg's cavalry, during which they had forced our cavalry pickets in on the Vaughn road, 8 miles below here, near Wyat's house. We captured about 20 prisoners and re-established our lines.

This morning the enemy, with infantry, artillery and cavalry, advanced on our right about 4 1-2 miles below here, to the west of the Weldon Railroad, and dislodged our cavalry from the breastworks at that point. Arrangements have been made to effect their removal, and it is not believed the enemy will hold the works long.

PETERSBURG, Sept. 30th.—The *Herald* of the 22d received. Stanton telegraphs Dix, Sept. 26th, as follows: Sheridan dispatches at 11 o'clock on Saturday night 6 miles south of New Market, that he has driven the enemy from Mount Jackson, without being able to bring on an engagement, the enemy moving rapidly. Sheridan had no cavalry to pursue them. Torbitt attacked Wickan's force at Luray, captured a number of prisoners. Sheridan found the rebel hospitals in all towns from Winchester to New Market. He was 80 miles from Martinsburg. Twenty pieces of artillery were captured at Fisher's Hill, together with 110 prisoners, a large amount of ammunition, caisons, limbers, and large quantities of entrenching tools, small arms and sabres.

Breckinridge has gone to take command of the Department of the South-west!!—[News for us—Ed. Car.]

Dispatches from Sherman say Hood appears to be moving towards the Alabama lines.

A strong force of rebel raiders are reported operating against Sherman's communications, and have captured Athens, Alabama.

Vigorous exertions are being made to capture the force.—[Several efforts have been made to capture Forrest.—ED. CAR.]

Steele has been strongly reinforced and has taken the offensive.

Grant reports no operations.

Stanton says the foregoing are all proper for publication.

Averill has been relieved from command in the Valley.

Rebel Col. Hatton died at Winchester.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad has been repaired its entire length.

Dispatches from St. Louis, on the 25th, says Price entered Missouri with a force 30,000 strong. Shelby's cavalry and Kirby Smith are believed to be co-operating in the movement.

Rosecrantz and Pike appealed to the people to rally to the defence of the State.

Seward is on a visit to Grant.

Mobile surrendered (in the North) on the 26th. It created great excitement. Gold closed at 193. Produce and merchandise of all descriptions declined heavily in sympathy with gold.

MERIDIAN, Sept. 29.—Trans-Mississippi advice report that a fight occurred recently, between Magruder and Steel, 7 miles from Little Rock, in which we were successful.

The yellow fever is prevailing in Galveston. The French occupied Matamoras on the 2d inst. Juarez and family were at Brazos Island, *en route* for New Orleans. The French had all the States of Northern Mexico. Cortinas could only raise 500 men when he reached Brownsville. Shelby has destroyed the Railroad near Little Rock, and captured 500 prisoners, 4 trains and one million, five hundred dollars worthy of property.

The Yankees captured 15,000 pounds of wool last week in Texas Parish, La., intended for the Government this side of the river. One hundred mounted men from Vicksburg are raiding through Deer Creek county.

The people of Texas are looking for an attack on Galveston.

The later storm has seriously damaged all railways in this vicinity—trains will be running again in a few days.

RICHMOND, Sept. 30.—Official dispatches to-night say, an attempt was made this afternoon, to retake Battery Harrison, which though partly successful, failed. The artillery firing preceding the assault was distinctly audible in all parts of the city. Cavalry, who went on nine mile road last night, went back early this morning. In the attempt to take Battery Gilmore yesterday, the yankees put negro troops in front, and a large number of them were killed.

RICHMOND, Sept. 30.—Early reports that after driving the enemy's cavalry from his front, near Port Republic, he moved towards Waynesboro' and drove two Divisions of cavalry from that place; this last force returned through Staunton, and a portion of our cavalry entered that place yesterday. No enemy south of Staunton. His main force is about Harrisonburg.

An official dispatch dated 9:30 last night, says that we repulsed the several attacks of the enemy made against the intermediate line of defence and near Chaffin's Bluff, capturing many prisoners. The enemy still hold Battery Harrison on the extreme line. Our loss very small.

OFFICE POST QUARTERMASTER,
4th Congressional District, N. C.,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Sep. 23.

Wanted! Wanted!!

IMMEDIATELY AT THIS OFFICE A competent CLERK, one who writes a good hand, quick at business, and quick at learning, so as to take up the business right off. He must be either a non-conscript, or disabled soldier, (permanently.) If a non-conscript $125 per month, and privilege to buy one ration at cost prices. If a detailed soldier, $2 per diem, rations, quarters, soldier's pay and clothing will be allowed. None but those competent need apply. Early application required.

J. M. McGOWAN,
198-1t Capt. Post Qr. Master.
Observer copy w1-sw1

THE CAROLINIAN.

P. J. SINCLAIR, EDITOR.

Office, No. 17 Market Square.

☞ All Marriages, Obituary, Funeral and Estate Notices, Company and Military Orders for Meetings, Drills, &c., Lodge and Society Notices and Summonses, Wants, Losses and Findings, Exhibition and Concert Notices, all country, transient and foreign advertising, o whatsoever nature or character, must be paid for when left at or sent to the office for publication. This arrangement will be strictly enforced. Such cash advertisements, as they appear, will always be marked by an asterisk or star thus (*).

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., OCT. 1. 1864.

☞ Our Subscribers in town will confer a *special favor*, when they fail to get their papers, by informing us immediately of the fact. Of course we cannot know when it occurs unless this be done.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE FOLLOWING.—The publishers of this paper desire that their terms be fully understood. *All* subscriptions must be *paid in advance*. Payment must be made at this office, or, if to a collector, ten per cent. additional will be charged. Our Collector will call weekly on delinquents and make collections, when, in *every instance*, the above rule will be adhered to *Collections made every Monday.*

NOTICE.—C. C. MCCRUMMIN, Esq., is our authorized agent to receive moneys and receipt for us in all business matters connected with this office, which relates to subscription and advertising.

WILMINGTON.—We find in the columns of our cotemporary, the Wilmington *Journal*, a lengthy editorial upon the necessity of self-reliance and self-determination upon the part of the State Government, should that place be attacked by the enemy. The *Journal* seems to consider the works around Wilmington adequate to the ordeal by which their strength may, at a future day, be tested, and also its confidence in the commanding General, if the State and people give him men to mann the elaborate works which, under his skill, have been erected for the defence of that coveted city. We agree fully with the *Journal* that all we shall need will be the earnest co-operation of the State Government and of the people. The people of this section are not ignorant of the importance of Wilmington to *their own* security, and we wish it to be understood, that in the event of an attack being made upon that city, that we of the Upper Cape Fear, shall ask of Gov. Vance that he will call into the State service *every man and boy*, from sixteen to sixty, without any regard to exemptions, either by State or Confederate laws. Place firearms in their hands, give them over to the command of experienced officers who have seen service, and our word for it. Wilmington will be safe. The importance of Wilmington to the State and Confederacy cannot be over estimated, and it must be defended at any cost. We look to Gov. Vance to do his duty, regardless of every consideration of policy or favor, as we believe he will do, and in that event North Carolina alone can teach the Yankee hounds how to refrain from dishonoring her soil with their poluting presence. Let her in this instance, as in many others, upon a hundred fields of blood, shine out in all her resplendent majesty, as the Banner War State of the Confederacy. Our people feel like doing this, and all they ask is that the necessary steps be taken to make the uprising of her people universal.

Gen. Robert D. Johnston reported killed in the Valley, we are pleased to learn, is only wounded slightly in the breast. His gallant brother, J. F. Johnston, has again been wounded, but we hope not seriously.

Mr. Arnold, of Illinois, who has been speaking in Western Pennsylvania, reports that the Union men will carry Pennsylvania by fifty thousand in November.

The Raleigh *Standard* says that the impression prevails in that city that the Legislature will be convened about the 17th of October.

The New York *Herald* of the 22d has a report that the flag-ship of Admiral Faragut, the Hartford, had been blown up by a torpede in Mobile Bay.

Jubilation at the North.

The Yankees, says the Richmond *Whig*, have not got over their ecstatic jubilation at Sheridan's recent success. Thoy are firing great guns all over the country, "by authority." At Washington, at Nashville, at Wilmington, they are wasting powder enough to quell three good sized young rebellions. How different are the people on this side of the border. More than once the people of the South have had just and honest cause for exultation, and yet how calmly have they borne themselves in the hour of victory. This, assuredly, is a comment which cannot escape the notice of the observing world.

The electrization of the North seems to have palled on the man who, on the score of his own victories, like Majocchi, the Italian, exclaims *non mi ricordo*. He is reproached by the *Tribune* with being equally oblivious of "Sheridan's splendid victory."

He is reported to have said the following by the *Tribune* at his first electioneering speech, when the North was wild with excitement over the news from the Valley:

My Friends—I cannot refrain from expressing my gratification for your kindness at this great demonstration in behalf of the Union, the Constitution and the Laws. I thank you for the honor done me. You surely will not expect me to address you at length at this time, and will excuse me for not making a speech and allow me to retire. Gentlemen, again I thank you, and bid you good-night.

What sullen silence over Sheridan's victory! What heartless indifference to the wounds of 2500 braves in the Shenandoah! What unpatriotic, what inhuman neglect of a great victory, and most precious political event!!

The *Tribune* disposes of the peace question in a paragraph, and thus sounds the *la*, as musicians say, on the requiem of the dead rebellion:

We say little concerning the "Peace" rumors from day to day set afloat, but the convictions we expressed two months ago that Peace is not distant, is strengthened by subsequent developments. But for the hope still wildly clung to of a Copperhead triumph in our Presidential contest, we are confident that no Rebel flag would be flying this side of the Mississippi on the 1st of November next.

Of course, we lay little stress on reports of negotiations opened here or progressing there. They are not all without [illegible], but the hope of early peace rests not on any of them. The vital facts that the Rebellion is a failure, and that its Military power is very nearly exhausted, have far greater significance. The Rebel chiefs at Richmond may try to hold out till after our Presidential contest is over; but, if they do, they will have little capital left whereupon to base their demands for favorable terms. The more reasonable presumption is, that, if not already intent on a capitulation, they very soon will be.

The War News.

The report of a Confederate success in the Valley, says the Richmond Dispatch of the 27th, is, we regret to say, not confirmed by official dispatches. It was stated by a person who arrived last evening by the Central train that General Early had a fight with the enemy at Brown's gap on Monday and drove them six miles; but we have it on good authority that no regular engagement has taken place—nothing more than some rear-guard skirmishing. The War Department, last night at 9 o'clock, had no information of General Early's movements since falling back from Port Republic.

About five o'clock on Monday a small body of the enemy's cavalry advanced and entered Staunton the route thither being open and unobstructed, our forces having deflected from the route leading from the route leading to the place. Of their proceedings there we have no report, the latest intelligence having been brought by persons who left just as the Yankees were coming in. Previous to this time the telegraphic apparatus had been removed, and thus all direct communication with Staunton is cut off for the present.

Three hundred and fifty Yankee prisoners, including eight officers, captured by General Early's forces within the last eight days, reached the city yesterday and were quartered at the Libby. They were brought out of Winchester just in time to escape recapture, and, by way of keeping ahead of Sheridan, were marched fifty-five miles in twenty hours, which may be considered an instance of pretty "tall walking."

In France, the wast steam from the locomotives is made to heat the cars in the train behind it. It is conducted from the escape pipes through tubes, which inside of them, are copper, but outside are of vulcanized India rubber, with couplings which can be readily managed.

BROWN'S GAP AND FISHER'S HILL.—This, says the Richmond Examiner, was the hole, the stronghold into which the great Jackson used to withdraw whenever the enemy pressed him dangerously, and he always emerged from it to conquer. Recollecting General Jackson's campaign, we are struck with the fact that though he often found it necessary to retreat up the Valley he never made a stand at Fisher's Hill. His military eye discovered that though apparently a fortress, it was open to a flank movemement. The event has borne testimony to his sagicity. General Early was flanked out of the position.—We learn this from persons who witnessed the attack of the enemy and our retreat.

IMPORTANT CHANGES.—General Forrest has been appointed to the rank of Lieutenant-General of cavalry, and placed in chief command of all the cavalry forces of the army of Tennessee. Wheeler, who has so effectually 'played out,' has been transferred to North Mississippi—a measure that was urged upon the President, long before Johnston's removal.

The ten days' truce over we may look out for something 'stirring.'

It is understood to have been Johnston's policy to permit Sherman to cross the Atlanta and West Point Road at any time he may elect to do, and even to strike the Macon and Jonesboro, should he desire it, and then to cut him off from his communications, and go upon the principle that 'a plaster on the back is good for a pain in the stomach.' The campaign of Hood, like that of Grant around Richmond, is understood to be a close imitation of that of his predecessor. The one originated with McClellan, the other with Johnston. It is hoped that Hood will be a little more successful than those who have from time to time undertaken the execution of the only rational plan for the capture of Richmond.

We might give the readers some interesting particulars of the situation—doubtless already known to many—but we have determined to do nothing that may frustrate the plans of our leaders—We believe, however, that nothing short of inexcusable blunder in the execution of plans now adopted, will prevent the destruction of Sherman's army. Patience.

Columbus Sun.

SOMETHING WE DON'T UNDERSTAND.—We don't understand why it is, that Yankee Officers who are captured while invading our soil, should be treated with such distinguished civilities.

We make this remark, because, we saw on Saturday last, three Yankee Officers, dressed up, as if they were going to a wedding, ambulating our streets with perfect freedom under no guard. They put up at the Hotel, refreshed themselves at the Bars of our drinking establishments and amused themselves around the marble-bed tables in our Billiard Saloons, punching ivory balls.

We understand that they were upon their parole of *honor*. These were the Officers captured by Pilot Hopkins sometime ago upon New Canal, and were on their way to some Confederate States prison.

These privileges allowed our enemies *may be* right, but our opinion is, that it is not.

Tarboro Southerner.

The following is Gen. Forrest's official report of the capture of Athens, Ala., confirmatory of the Press Asociation dispatch heretofore published in our columns:

ATHENS, Ala., Sept 24th.—My forces captured this place this morning, with thirteen hundred officers and men, fifty wagons and ambulances, five hundred horses, two trains of cars loaded with quartermaster's and commissary stores, with a large quantity of small arms, and two pieces of artillery. My troops are in fine spirits. My loss five killed and twenty-five wounded.

(Signed) N. B. FORREST,
Major General.

Cotton is selling in New York at $1 60 a 1 65.

The Lancaster (Ohio) *Gazette* states that the citizens of Lancaster design presenting to General Sherman the celebrated horse "Bronze."

General Sheridan was born in Perry county, Ohio, in the year 1831, and having entered West Point in 1848, graduated at that institution in June, 1853.

The 'Journal of Commerce' notices the demise of the New York Typographical Union. It says: The defunct Printers' Union is a monument of folly, arrogance and extortion, and its fate is a warning to all who conspire to destroy others in hopes of benefiting themselves. 'Rest in Peace.'

The report of Sheridan's Medical Director estimates the Federal losses in the battle of the 19th in the Valley at two thousand.

For the Carolinian.

The Thespian Corps.

The brilliant "Thespian Corps," in a very generous mood,
Their friends resolved to furnish with appetizing food—
Not such as once enticed us to seek the festal board,
Ere our fair land was ravaged by Lincoln and his horde;
Not cakes, nor pies, nor custards, nor ices yet, nor creams—
For such as these ne'r visit us, save only in our dreams;
But a real "feast of reason," and a merry flow of soul"—
And we knew the men who formed the "corps" would surely reach their goal;
So when we spied the notice in our sprightly "Carolinian,"
Our thoughts flew to a maiden fair on Cupid's swiftest pinion;
So, while our heart went pit-a-pat, we scribbled off a note;—
And then began with vigor, to furbish up our coat!
And soon the little nigger came trotting up the street
With the precious little missive, from the maiden fair and sweet,
Who said she'd go with pleasure, and esteem it quite a treat.
So I bolted down my supper;—then such a charming walk,
And what was still more rapt'rous, a very charming talk.
The Hall was overflowing with beauty, wit and grace,
And enjoyment was reigning in each delighted face;
For everybody came to see—of course the notorieties—
Their every look and action discussed by the proprieties.
The "Corps" to fill the interim had invoked Euterpe's aid,
And all thoughts of care and sorrow at the Muse's feet were laid.
But soon the bell was sounded, and the curtains drawn aside,
And the poor distracted "Debtor" began the stage to stride—
The Captain is an actor—and a daring actor too,
And everything he undertakes he's apt to carry through;
From the contest in the battle, when with Yankee troops he vies,
To "whisp'ring tales of ardent love" 'neath Carolina's skies.
The audience saw the *Proverb* was selected with great care,
It seldom rains unless it be 'tis pouring everywhere.
Oh, may blessings bright be showered upon our brilliant "corps,"
And when Fortune's rain begins to fall, they'll pray that it may pour.
And now the darkey *Julius* upon the stage appears—
Sings a sonnet to his "ladye love" which ravishes our ears.
The door bell rings—the "Phantom" comes in with awful mien,
Poor Julius sinking on his knees in cowering horror 's seen,
And shows the wit of DeRosset is both acute and keen.
Now who, by all his friends, would think Lieutenant Ashe,
Who, blushing to his ears, protests he is so bashful, could act impudence irresistible so well!
—But of their many *graces* our time will fail to tell.
May all disconsolate lovers the seventh heaven attain,
Like the proud and happy Charley, and the dashing Jennie Payne;
And may all cruel fathers like Wigley still relent,
And if they don't, why let them straight to Old Nick be sent;
So when we go to beg for the fair one at our side
We may find a willing father, and a tearless, happy bride.
But now fair Thalia's reign is o'er, we to Williams' repair,
And worship bright Terpsichore, whose followers gather there,
To "trip on light fantastic toe" until the "wee sma' hours;—
We'll not forget this famous night—no never, by the powers!

September 2nth, 1864.

SAM MEDARY ON MCCLELLAN.—Medary comes out in the Columbus (Ohio) Crisis flat footed against McClellan. He says that 'a fraudulent sale is not binding in law." And Medary refuses to ratify and confirm what he called the 'Chicago sell,' in these words—saying:

If we (that's himself) stood alone in the West in 1861 in opposing the war in its inception, we can stand alone in maintaining 'the faith of our fathers' in 1864. Let those who succumbed to the war threats of 1864 from the money plunderers of Wall-street, if they chose to do so, we expect to live and see them confess their errors, as they did three years ago. If not, it will not disturb us. We are not at least bound to support any man who repudiates the very platform on which he was nominated, and who makes one for himself. These things are worthy of some consideration at least before sensible men jump at conclusions. 'A fraudulent sale is not binding in law." That sounds very like an 'irrepressible conflict.'

REVOLUTION IN A PRINTING OFFICE.—On the 7th instant, the entire force of compositors employed on the Chicago Times was dismissed and forty young women were substituted. The proprietors of the Times had been preparing for this course several months, ever since the strike, and had these girls under instruction in private rooms about the city.—A dispatch from Chicago says the movement caused great sensation among the printers, as it was understood the Times had resolved to break up the printers association. The association took advantage of the proprieters of the Times, and sought to control or destroy their business. In turn the publishers have thus attacked the association.

GEN. BEAUREGARD.—As public curiosity is much exercised concerning this distinguished hero, and more particular at present with regard to his assumption of command in Georgia, we are permitted to give the substance of a brief colloquy between a gentleman and President Davis:

GENTLEMAN.—"Mr. President, we have heard here that Gen. Hood has been superceded. Is it so?"

PRESIDENT.—"If so, I have not head it and do not know it to be so."

GENTLEMAN.—"We understand that General Beauregard was to assume command."

PRESIDENT.—"Gen. Beauregard will take any command to serve his country. He will pass through Augusta in a few days."

The quidnuncs are welcome to draw whatever conclusions they please.

Augusta Constitutionalist.

MARRIED.

At the residence of the bride's father, on the 29th inst., by the Rev. James McDaniel, Mr. LUCIAN P. TYSON, of Carthage, and Miss NANNIE J., eldest daughter of Jas. F. Marsh, Esq.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WALTER WATSON,
GUN, PISTOL MAKER AND
Machinist.
Guns and Pistols made and Repaired with Dispatch.

MEMBERS of Reserves and Home Guards can have their arms repaired at half price. All kinds of Machine work done.
Hay Mount, Fayetteville, N. C., opposite the residence of E. J. Hale, Esq.
205 1m

Baptist Association.

THE STEAMER KATE McLAURIN will leave her wharf at 8 o'clock on Sunday A. M., for the accommodation of those desirous of attending the meeting of the Baptist Association at Gray's Creek Church.
Fare $5 each. 205-1t

Grapes! Grapes!!

THE undersigned will pay the highest prices for Scuppernong and other Grapes if left by the quantity at the Auction Room of Col. J. H. Cook, or at the residence of the undersigned near Fayetteville. The Grapes must be fully ripe.
205-tf G. W. LAWRENCE.

FOR SALE.

A PORTABLE STEAM ENGINE of 8 horse power, as good as new. Price $360 in specie or its equivalent in Confederate notes.
For further particular address
3td-2I JOHN D. MILNE.
Fayetteville, N. C.

Choice Tobacco!

THE UNDERSIGNED has just received a choice lot of superior chewing tabacco, which he offers for sale at reasonable prices.
Some of that A NO. 1 chewing tobacco still on hand. ISAAC HOLLINGSWORTH.
196-1m

J. G. GODFREY,
WHOLESALE RETAIL
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Keeps Cotton Yarns For Sale.
Fayetteville, N. C.
199-tf

TITHE NOTICE!

To Farmers in Cotton Raising Districts.

(Extract:) * * * * * *

III. THE GOVERNMENT requires that where persons have been in the habit of pressing their Forage for market, or having Cotton presses either at home or near, that they shall deliver to the Tithe Agents their Forage in bales. The law having exempted soldier's wives and others who do not make more than 200 bushels of corn, of paying Fodder, it is hoped that the Farmers may try and facilitate the business by complying with the above. J. M McGOWAN, Capt
and Post Q. M., 4th Cong. Dist. N. C.

ISAAC HOLLINGSWORTH,
Grocer and Commission
MERCHANT,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
196-tf

HEADQUARTERS 3RD MILITARY DISTRICT,
DEP'T N. C. AND SOUTHERN VIRGINIA,
Wilmington, N. C., Aug. 30th.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

ALL PESONS not residents of Smithville are requested to refrain from applying at Headquarters for permission to visit the Forts or to go down the river in the Government Steamers. This is addressed to persons living at a distance, especially ladies, in the hope of preventing a fruitless journey from their homes. Upon no consideration, for the present at least, will permission be given to pass upon the Government boats. When circumstances will admit of a relaxation of this rule, due notice will be given.

Packages for soldiers at the different posts will be delivered to Capt. Grainger, A. Q. M. They should be suitably marked and he will be responsible for their safe delivery through his agents.

Official: W. H. C. WHITING.
Major General.
JAMES H. HILL,
Maj. and A. A. Gen'l.
sep3-

Papers through the State please copy six (6) times and send accounts with copy of paper containing advertisement to Capt. Stryon, A. Q. M.

COTTON CARDS, No. 10.

THE Fayetteville COTTON CARD Manufacturing Company are now manufacturing Cards superior to any run through the blockade, and at present selling for ale price the single pair or by the quantity.

Any person ordering six or more pairs, they will be securely packed and delivered at Wilmington free of expense.

Call upon or address
A. A. McKETHAN,
J. A. WORTH,
ALEX. JOHNSON, Jr.